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APPROVAL

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OMB Number:

SEC FILE NUMBER 8-50257

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/06 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	12/31/06 MM/DD/YY
A. I	REGISTRANT IDENT	TIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ON
Tiffany Capital Corp.			FIRM I.D. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINE	ESS: (Do not use P.O. Box	(No.)	
2574 N. University Dr., Suite #213	(No. and Street)		
Sunrise	Florida	3	3322
(City)	(State)		Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERS	ON TO CONTACT IN R	EGARD TO THIS REPORT	Γ
Jay Cho, President			<u>) 747-7271</u>
		(Area Cod	e - Telephone No.)
B. A	CCOUNTANT IDEN	TIFICATION	-
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whos	se opinion is contained in	the Report*	
Cuthill & Eddy LLC			
(Name	– if individual, state last, first, middle	e name)	
1031 W. Morse Blvd., Suite 200, Winter Park, Flo	rida 32789		
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accountant		(0)	ancessed
□ Public Accountant		الما	
☐ Accountant not resident in United Sta	tes or any of its possession	ns.	ROCESSED MAR 1 4 2307
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ON		THOMSON FINANCIAL
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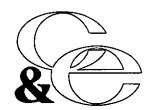
^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Jay Cho	, swear (or affirm) that, to the
best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial state	ment and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Tiffany Capital Corp.	
as of December 31, 2006, are true and correct. I further swear	(or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner,
proprietor or principal officer of director has any proprietary interes	st in any account classified solely as that of a customer,
except as follows:	
None	
	Signature
ANDREA RIVADE	President
Ocnowa Arabeca Notary Public, Gwinnett Co Notary Public My Commission Expires Oct	unty Georgia
Total Tables Oct	ober 18, 2009
This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
(a) Facing page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or	
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of	f Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pu	
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirement	its Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the C	omputation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements	Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and un-audited Statem	ents of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	
(I) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist	or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



Cuthill & Eddy LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Carson L. Eddy Victor J. Incinelli Todd Hitchins Jennifer L. Christensen

Limited Liability Company

Independent Auditor's Report

Stockholder Tiffany Capital Corp. Sunrise, Florida

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Tiffany Capital Corp. as of December 31, 2006, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Tiffany Capital Corp. as of December 31, 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplementary schedules, computation of net capital and computation of aggregate indebtedness, as of December 31, 2006, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Cumu & Evan uc

February 21, 2007

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2006

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents Commissions receivable Furniture and computers, net of accumulated	\$ 85,626 11,756
depreciation of \$4,041 Deposit with clearing broker	127 <u>5,000</u>
	<u>\$ 102,509</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued expenses Stockholder's equity: Common stock, no par value, authorized 1,000 shares, issued and outstanding, 100 shares	\$ 2,400 1,525 3,925
Additional paid-in capital Deficit	121,134 (22,550) 98,584
	<u>\$ 102,509</u>

STATEMENT OF INCOME

Revenues:	
Commission income	\$ 295,557
Interest income	3,010
	298,567
Expenses:	
Clearing and communications	121,736
General and administrative	168,539
Depreciation	834
·	291,109
Net income	\$ 7.458
1101 111001110	<u> </u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

	Common Stock (Shares)	Additional Paid-in <u>Capital</u>	Deficit	Total
Balance, January 1, 2006	100	\$ 72,146	\$ (30,008)	\$ 42,138
Contributions	-	50,000	-	50,000
Distributions	-	(1,012)	-	(1,012)
Net income	<u> </u>		7,458	7,458
Balance, December 31, 2006	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 121,134</u>	<u>\$ (22,550)</u>	<u>\$ 98,584</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 7,458
Depreciation Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	834
Increase in commissions receivable Increase in accounts payable Increase in accrued expenses Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating activities	(4,613) 600 <u>525</u> (2,654) 4,804
Cash flows from financing activities: Capital contributions Distributions Net cash provided by financing activities	50,000 (1,012) 48,988
Net increase in cash	53,792
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	31,834
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 85,626</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

1. Nature of operations and summary of significant accounting policies:

Nature of operations:

Tiffany Capital Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated in Florida on March 21, 1997 for the purpose of conducting business as a broker/dealer in securities. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD").

The Company clears its trades through a third-party reintroducing broker agreement with Securities Service Network, Inc. on a fully disclosed basis. Therefore, the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions.

Advertising:

The Company expenses advertising costs as the costs are incurred. Advertising expense amounted to \$11,481 in 2006.

Revenue recognition:

The revenue of the Company is derived primarily from commissions earned on the sale of securities. Commission income is recorded on the date of the transaction leading to the commission.

Furniture and computers:

Furniture and computers are stated at cost. The service lives for all furniture and computers have been estimated at 5 years and 3 years, respectively, and the straight-line method is used for depreciation purposes. Maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the lives of the respective assets are expensed currently.

Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents generally include cash in banks and money market funds.

Computation of customer reserve:

The Company is exempt from customer reserve requirements and providing information relating to possession or control of securities pursuant to rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company meets the exempting provisions of Paragraph (k)(2)(ii).

Income taxes:

The Company and its sole shareholder have elected under Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code to have the Company's taxable income or loss reported by the stockholder. Because of this election, federal income taxes have not been provided for in the 2006 financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

1. Nature of operations and summary of significant accounting policies - continued:

Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

2. Net capital requirements:

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital at an amount equal to the greater of \$5,000 or 63% of aggregate indebtedness, and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital not exceed 15 to 1.

At December 31, 2006, the Company had excess net capital of \$88,457 and a net capital ratio of .04 to 1.

3. Liabilities subordinated to the claims of creditors:

None of the Company's liabilities have been subordinated to the claims of general creditors at December 31, 2006.

4. Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

Cash was paid during the year for:

Interest	
Income taxes	

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Net capital		
Total stockholder's equity	\$	98,584
Deductions:		
Non-allowable assets:		
Furniture and computers		127
Deposit with clearing broker	-	5,000
Net capital	<u>\$</u>	93,457
Reconciliation with Company's computation (included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2006) Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II		
FOCUS report	\$	81,701
Adjustments:		==0
Recording of commissions receivable		<u> 11,756</u>
	<u>\$</u>	93,457

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS UNDER RULE 17a-5 OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Aggregate indebtedness: Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$ 2,400 1,525
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 3,925</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	04



Cuthill & Eddy LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Carson L. Eddy Victor J. Incinelli Todd Hitchins Jennifer L. Christensen

Limited Liability Company

Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Required By SEC Rule 17a-5

Stockholder Tiffany Capital Corp. Sunrise, Florida

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Tiffany Capital Corp. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission, (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition that the transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2006, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the stockholder, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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February 21, 2007

